

Updated 30 August 2009; values supersede those found in our textbooks.

Diameter of hydrogen atom	1.06×10^{-8} cm
Diameter of the Moon	3.5×10^3 km
Diameter of the Earth	1.3×10^4 km
Diameter of the Sun	1.4×10^6 km
Diameter of the Milky Way	1.7×10^5 ly
Distance to the Moon	3.8×10^5 km
Distance to the Sun	1.5×10^8 km
Distance to the next nearest star	4.2 ly
Distance to the center of the Milky Way	2.8×10^4 ly
Distance to the nearest galaxy	1.7×10^5 ly
Mass of hydrogen atom	1.67×10^{-24} gm
Mass of the Moon	7.4×10^{25} gm
Mass of the Earth	6.0×10^{27} gm
Mass of the Sun ($1M_\odot$)	2.0×10^{33} gm
Mass of the Milky Way	$3 \times 10^{12} M_\odot$
Luminosity of the Sun ($1L_\odot$)	3.8×10^{33} erg/s
Luminosity of the largest stars	$10^5 L_\odot$
Luminosity of the Milky Way	$2 \times 10^{10} L_\odot$
Luminosity of quasar 3C 273	$10^{12} L_\odot$
Earth's rotation period (1 day)	8.64×10^4 s
Moon's revolution period	27.322 days
Earth's revolution period (1 year)	365.25 days
Sun's revolution period within Milky Way	2.4×10^8 years
Age of the solar system	4.6×10^9 years
Expected life span of the Sun	1.5×10^{10} years
Age of the Universe	1.4×10^{10} years
Earth's equator rotation speed	0.47 km/s
Earth's revolution speed	30 km/s
Sun's speed within the Milky Way	250 km/s
Milky Way's speed within the local Universe	550 km/s
Typical lengths:	
Normal star diameter	10^6 km
Distance between stars	a few ly
Normal galaxy diameter	10^5 ly
Distance between galaxies	10^6 ly

Typical masses:	
Smallest star	$0.08 M_\odot$
Normal star	$1 M_\odot$
Giant star	$10 M_\odot$
Normal galaxy	$10^{11} - 10^{12} M_\odot$
Galaxy cluster	$10^{14} - 10^{15} M_\odot$
Typical luminosities:	
Normal star	$1 L_\odot$
Giant star	$10^3 - 10^5 L_\odot$
Normal galaxy	$10^9 - 10^{10} L_\odot$
Quasar	$10^{12} - 10^{13} L_\odot$
Typical timespans:	
Planetary revolution	1 year
Galaxy rotation	$10^7 - 10^9$ years
Life of giant stars	$10^6 - 10^9$ years
Life of normal star	10^{10} years
Typical speeds:	
Planetary orbits	10 km/s
Stellar motion in galaxy	100 km/s
Between nearby galaxies	100 km/s

Other important constants:	
$1 \text{ ly} = 9.46 \times 10^{12} \text{ km}$	$1 \text{ Mly} = 10^6 \text{ ly}$
$1 \text{ ly} = 9.46 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}$	$1 \text{ km} = 10^5 \text{ cm}$
1 hour = 3600 s	
1 year = 3.16×10^7 s	
1 erg = 1 gm cm ² /s ²	
$c = 2.99792458 \times 10^5 \text{ km/s}$	Speed of light
$c = 2.99792458 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm/s}$	Speed of light
$c = 1 \text{ ly/year}$	Speed of light

$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}^3 / (\text{gm s}^2)$	Gravitational constant
$H_0 = 20 \text{ km}/(\text{sec Mly})$	Hubble constant
$1/H_0 = 1.5 \times 10^{10} \text{ years}$	Hubble time